Module Handbook

Module Name:	Clinical Chemistry
Module Level:	Bachelor
Abbreviation, if applicable:	KIA402
Sub-heading, if applicable:	
Courses included in the	
module, if applicable:	
Semester/term:	1 / Fourth year
Module coordinator(s):	Isnaeni, Dr., MS., Apt.
Lecturer(s):	Isnaeni, Dr., MS., Apt.
	Amirudin Prawita, Prof., Dr., Apt.
	Djoko Agus Purwanto, Dr., Apt
Language:	Bahasa Indonesia
Classification within the	Compulsory Course/Elective Studies
curriculum:	
Teaching format/class hours	100 minutes lectures, 13 lecture classes/semester
per week during the semester:	
Workload:	Total 22 hours a semester
Credit Points:	2
Requirements:	Student must have taken Analytical Chemistry (KIA101),
	Pharmaceutical Analysis I (KIA206) and Pharmaceutical
	Analysis II (KIA307) courses.
Learning goal/competencies:	Knowledge
	 To understand the concept of comprehensive
	chemistry in clinical pharmacy.
	Skills
	 Honesty, discipline and active in discussion.
	Competence
	 To understand and able to apply the concept of
	analyzing biological sample.
	 To understand and able to apply the standard
	procedure of analyzing biological sample.
	 Able to analyze biological sample with acurate and
	precise result for patient's diagnosis and treatment.
Content:	Definition of clinical chemistry, practice and basic principal
	of clinical chemistry, specimen handling (personal
	requirements for collecting sample, types of sample, sample
	handling process, sample variable), analytical procedures
	and chinical correlation, separating techniques, analysis
Study/arom achievementer	Student on considered to be competent and minutoassay
Study/exam acmevements:	student are considered to be competent and pass II at least
	get 50% of maximum mark of the exams based learning.
	Final score is calculated as follow:
	50% Exam I + $50%$ Exam II
	Final index is defined as follow .
	$A \rightarrow 75$
	AD 70 740
	AB: 70 - 74.9

	BC: 60-64,9
	C: 55 – 59,9
	D: 40-54,9
	E: <40
Forms of Media:	LCD projector, whiteboard, internet.
Literature:	1. Clinical Chemistry, Techniques, Principles, and
	Correlation 2010. Michael, L.B.; Edward, P.F.; Larry,
	E.S. 6 th Ed. Wolters Kluwer, Lippincort Williams and
	Wilkins New York.
	2. Handbook of Laboratory safety 5 th ed. Boca Baton, Fla:
	CRC.Press.2000.
	3. Stankovic AK. The Laboratory is key partner in assuring
	patient safety. Clin. Lab. Med. 2004; 24: 1023-1035.
	4. Westgard J.O. Basic Method Evaluation 2 nd Ed.
	Madison, Wls.: Westgard Quality Corp. 2003.
Notes:	The course is more concept of analytical chemistry
	comprehensive used in clinical field.