Module Handbook

Module Name:	Physical Pharmacy
Module Level:	Bachelor
Abbreviation, if applicable:	Lecture FAF201
riode viation, if applicable.	Practical Work FAF206
Sub-heading, if applicable:	Tractical Work Pri 200
Courses included in the	
module, if applicable:	
Semester/term:	2 / Second year
Module coordinator(s):	Dr. Dwi Setyawan, MSi., Apt.
Lecturer(s):	Dr. Dwi Setyawan, MSi., Apt.
Dectarer(s).	Dr. Dewi Isadiartuti, MSi., Apt.
	Dr. Achmad Radjaram.,Apt
	Dra. Esti Hendradi, MSI., Ph.D., Apt.
	Dr. Noorma Rosita, MSi., Apt.
	Dr. Retno Sari, MSc. Apt.
	Dr.rer.nat. ML Ardhani L, S.Farm., M.Sc., Apt.
Language:	Bahasa Indonesia
Classification within the	Compulsory Course/Elective Studies
curriculum:	Compansory Course Elective Studies
Teaching format/class hours	Lecture
per week during the semester:	100 minutes lectures, 13 lecture classes/semester
	Practical Work
	100 minutes practical work classes, 13 practical work classes
	/semester
Workload:	Lecture
	Total 22 hours a semester
	Practical Work
	Total 22 hours a semester
Credit Points:	Lecture
	2
	Practical Work
	1
Requirements:	
Learning goal/competencies:	Knowledge
	 To understand the concept of physico-chemical
	aspects of substances used in pharmacy and
	medicine
	The undertsand the concept of physical phenomena
	and basic concepts and principles in system of
	pharmaceutical preparations
	Skills
	 Discipline, empathy, communication, honesty,
	accuracy, cooperation, tolerance, initiative,
	leadership, decision maker
	Competence
	- To understand and able to apply the concept of
	Describe the phases of matter with particular
	reference to pharmaceutical systems

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Content:	 To understand and able to apply the concept of physicochemical parameters in relation to drug absorption and distribution To understand and able to apply the concept of the stability of pharmaceutical agents in solution To understand and able to apply the concept of surface and interfacial phenomena as applicable to pharmaceutical systems
	Aspects of the system solids (BAF), the phenomenon of solubility, dissolution, mikromiretika, interfacial phenomena, rheology, dispersion system emulsions, suspensions, kinetics and stability.
	Practical Work Determination and evaluation of the phenomenon of solubility, dissolution testing, mikromiretika, chemical stability test, the rheological properties of powders, liquids and emulsions, emulsification phenomenon and surface tension.
Study/exam achievements:	Lecture Student are considered to be competent and pass if at least get 50% of maximum mark of the exams based learning.
	Final score (NA) is calculated as follow: 45% Exam I + 45% Exam II + 10% softskill
	Final index is defined as follow: $A: \ge 75$ AB: 70 - 74,9 B: 65 - 69,9 BC: 60 - 64,9 C: 55 - 59,9 D: 40 - 54,9
	E: <40 Practical Work
	Student are considered to be competent and pass if at least get 50% of maximum mark of the exams based learning.
	Final score (NA) is calculated as follow: 50% Laboratory Report + 50% Exam II
	Final index is defined as follow: $A: \ge 75$ AB: 70-74,9
	B: 65 – 69,9 BC: 60 – 64,9 C: 55 – 59,9 D: 40 – 54,9 E: <40
Forms of Media:	LCD projector, whiteboard, Laboratory material and tools practical, and journal

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Literature:	1. Martin A, Swarbrick J. Cammarata A, 1993, <i>Physical</i>
	Pharmacy, Phys. Chem. Principles in the Pharm. Sci.,
	3 th Ed., Lea & Febiger, Philadelphia.
	2. Ansel H.C., et al., 1995. Pharmaceutical Dosage
	Forms and Drug Delivery Systems. 6th Ed. Lea and
	Febiger Malvern.
	3. Carstensen J.T., 1977. Pharmaceutics Solids and Solid
	Dosage Forms. John Wiley & Sons. New York.
	4. Departemen Kesehatan, 1995. Farmakope Indonesia
	Edisi IV, Departemen Kesehatan Republik Indonesia,
	Jakarta.
	5. Florence A.T., and Attwood D, 1998. <i>Physicocemical</i>
	Principles of Pharmacy. 3rd Ed/Mac Millan Education,
	London.
Notes:	The course is more theori based as compared to physical
	chemistry